

Crime Statistics Categories and Definitions

1. Homicide

a. Manslaughter by Negligence

The killing of another person through gross negligence.

b. Homicide-Murder and Non-Negligence manslaughter

_____ The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

2. Sex Offenses

a. Forcible

Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

b. Non Forcible

_____ Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse

3. Robbery

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

4. Aggravated Assault

An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from aggravated assault when a gun, knife or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)

5. Burglary

The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safe cracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

6. Motor Vehicle Theft

The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are abandoned including joyriding.)

7. Arson

Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

8. Hate Crimes

Hate Crimes must be reported by category prejudice based on the following: Race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity or disability.