Common Misunderstandings

- **Who/That**
  - Who is always people.
  - That is never people.

- **Whom/Who**
  - Whom is correct if you can substitute Him.
  - Who is correct if you can substitute He.

- **Than/Then**
  - Than is a comparison.
  - Then is used either as a time marker or with a sequence of events.

- **Farther/Further**
  - Farther refers to length or distance.
  - Further means to a greater degree, additional. It refers to time or amount.

- **Amount/Number**
  - Amount is uncountable nouns such as bravery, water, and charisma.
  - Number is used in reference to countable nouns.

- **Fewer/Less**
  - Fewer is countable.
  - Less is uncountable.

- **Wander/Wonder**
  - Wander is to move about with no destination or purpose.
  - Wonder is to feel curiosity, to be in doubt, or to have a feeling of admiration.

- **Queue/Que**
  - Queue is a line or sequence of people or vehicles awaiting their turn.
  - Que is French for that/which. Que is Spanish for what.

- **Affect/Effect**
  - Affect is a verb. It can be a noun, but most of the time it is a verb.
  - Effect is a noun. It can be a verb, but most of the time it is a noun.

- **A female/Female**
Common Misunderstandings

- A female is an adjective requiring a noun.
  - Female is a noun.
- **Regard/Regards**
  - Regard is in reference to, in regard to.
  - Regards is an expression of respect, kind regards.
- **Into/In to**
  - Into indicates movement toward the inside of a place.
  - In to is correct when you can insert Order between In and To.
- **Everyday/Every day**
  - Everyday is correct when you cannot insert a word between Every and Day.
  - Every day is correct when you can insert Single between Every and Day.
- **Nowadays/Now a days**
  - Nowadays is correct as one word.
  - Now a day is never correct.
- **Would be/Is**
  - Would be means if things were different.
  - Is means how things actually are.
- **A lot/A lot**
  - A lot means many.
  - A lot is never correct.
- **Onto/On to**
  - Onto describes going on top of something.
  - On to describes action towards something.
- **To/too**
  - To is for action.
  - Too is used as a replacement for also.
- **Lead/Led**
  - Lead is present tense and also a chemical element.
  - Led is the past tense of lead. LED stands for Light-Emitting Diode.